Joint Power Projects.

*Q.—752 Sri ANNARAO GANAMUKHI (Afzalpur).—

Will the Government be pleased to state :—

(*a*) whether joint power project in three places between Shimsha and Hogenkal is sponsored by Madras and Mysore State jointly ;

(*b*) whether the two Governments have prepared draft plans separately ;

(*c*) If the answer to (b) is in the affirmative the broad details of each draft plan may be supplied,

(*d*) whether a meeting of the Chief Ministers of both States is being convened to consider the drafts ?

A.—Sri S. NIJALINGAPPA (Chief Minister).—

(*a*) It is being considered by both the Governments.
(*b*) Yes.
(*c*) *Vide* annexure.
(*d*) Not immediately. But after the draft of both are ready.

ANNEXURE.

The Hogenakal Hydro Electric Scheme proposed by the Madras Government consists of a dam on Cauvery just above Hogenakal falls at the tail of Mettur Lake. The height of the dam is 530 ft. The Power house will have 8 units of 100 MW each. The cost of the scheme is Rs. 58 crores. The total installed capacity will be 800 MW. The firm power production at 100 per cent load factor will be 301 MW.

2. The Cauvery Hydel Scheme proposed by Mysore consists of 3 dams and 3 power houses across Cauvery as follows :—

(1) The first dam will be about 14 miles downstream of Shivanasamudram falls along the course of the river. The maximum possible height of the dam is 700 ft. The power house will have 7 units of 100 MW each.

(2) The second dam will be about 9 miles downstream of the first dam and just above the Mekedatu falls. The height of this dam is 70 ft. The power house will have 3 units of 100 MW each.

(3) The Third dam will be above Hogenakal falls where the Cauvery river is common to both Mysore and Madras. The height of the dam will be about 180 ft. and the installed capacity will be about 250 MW.

3 The first two dams and power houses will be entirely in Mysore territory and therefore the Power potential thereat belongs to Mysore.

(SRI S. NIJALINGAPPA)

[The Third dam and the Power house will be inter-state in nature with 50: 50 interests of Mysore and Madras.] The total power potential would be about 1,250 MW or double of the Madras schemes. Detailed investigations of the scheme in Mysore are being carried out.

4. It is therefore seen that the Madras Scheme (i) produces only half of the power potential available in the valley and also (2) kills the remaining half which Mysore Scheme is in a positien to utilise.

Major and Minor Municipalities in the State.

*Q.—753. Sri ANNARAO GANAMUKHI (Afzalpur).—

Will the Government be pleased to state :—

(*a*) the total number of major and Minor Municipalities in the State (Including Corporations) ;

(*b*) the total income of all Municipalities, major and Minor—

(i) by way of taxes.
(ii) non-tax revenues
(iii) grants

(break up may be given).

(*c*) the minimum resources requirement per capita; (estimated) for a major minicipality and that of a minor municipality ;

(*d*) the gap per capita between available resources and the minimum available ;

(*e*) what steps do Government propose to bridge the gap to encure minimum municipal service to the population residing in municipal areas?

A.—Sri K. PUTTASWAMY (Minister for Municipal Administration).—

(*a*) 174.
(*b*) The information is as under :

(i) Rs. 3,36,61,455.
(ii) Rs. 1,59,20,553.
(iii) Rs. 1,92,98, 827.

(*c*) Rs. 17.8.
(*d*) This varies from municipality to municipality.
(*e*) Government are sanctioning grants and loans for various schemes like water supply, drainage, etc., and also approving rules for the levy of octroi, tax on property, profession etc. with the idea of covering up the gap.